








Autumn 2025-26		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
KS1	How have humans changed our local area?	Grid reference Compass Human features Physical features Land use 	How to use locational language (e.g. near and far) to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Know the location of the school in relation to the coast and the nearest town or city	Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place?). Compare plans and maps to their observations of the local area	use aerial photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features in the local area 	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geographic location of the school (Know what is near to the school based on local walks and observation) . The basic symbols used in a key on a map to identify human and physical features (rivers, forests, towns, villages, farms, houses) How to use and apply basic grid references (A1, B1) and basic compass directions (north, south, east and west)
KS2	How has nature changed Dunwich?	Erosion Four figure grid references Physical features Eight points of a compass	How to identify the key physical features of Dunwich using symbols on a map. How to use the eight points of a compass, four- figure grid references, to communicate knowledge of Dunwich in relation to the rest of the United Kingdom	Explain own views about Dunwich and what is happening there to answer the lead question	Ask and answer geographical questions about the physical and human characteristics of a location. Know how some aspects of the land/coast have changed over time. (erosion)	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate Dunwich and surrounding areas 



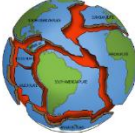

Spring 2025-26

History only this term





Summer 2025-26		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
KS1	<p>How is life different for children across the world?</p>	<p>Similarities & differences United Kingdom Contrasting Non- European country City, town, village, coastal, Rural Physical geography Human - geography</p>	<p>Know the geographical similarities and differences of a small area of the United Kingdom and of a contrasting (non-European) country</p> <p>Know how to use the key features of a location to say whether it is a city, town, village, coastal or rural area.</p>	<p>Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like?</p> <p>What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place? How do children live in this place?).</p>	<p>Know the geographical similarities and differences of a small area of the United Kingdom and of a contrasting (non-European) country</p> <p>Know how physical and human geography affects the opportunities and lives of children in contrasting places</p>	<p>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries</p> <p>Use maps to identify a contrasting non- European country</p> 
KS2	<p>Where does a river start and end?</p>	<p>Mouth Source Meander Delta Tributary Northings Eastings</p>	<p>Identify the start and end of a local river using maps and where possible local visits</p> 	<p>Describe the journey of a river comparing its size and use in different local places.</p>	<p>Know and describe the physical features of rivers.</p> <p>Ask and answer geographical questions about the physical and human characteristics of a location</p>	<p>Know how to use the eight points of a compass and four-figure grid references, to communicate knowledge of rivers and seas</p> <p>Use fieldwork sketches maps and digital</p>

						technologies to observe and locate local rivers
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Autumn 2026-27	History only this term
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Spring 2026-27		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
KS1	Could all animals live in the same place?	Continent Ocean Equator Habitat Weather pattern	Name the world's continents and oceans. Know the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.	Know the similarities and differences between 2 different localities Explore seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom (also covered in science)	Children discuss the habitat in hot and cold areas of the world in order to answer the lead question? Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place? What is the weather like?)	Locate the world's continents and oceans on a world map 
KS2	Does human activity increase the risk of natural disasters?	Natural disaster Physical geography Earthquake Tsunami Prone Settlement Water cycle	Identify areas across the world that are prone to natural disasters 	Know how human settlement and land use in areas prone to natural disasters, are at risk Understand the systems that are in place to	Know the physical geography of countries/places that experience natural disasters –Earthquakes leading to Tsunamis and therefore flooding	Know the elements of the water cycle 

				support humans after natural disasters		
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Summer 2026-27		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
KS1	How is the United Kingdom like a puzzle? 	United Kingdom (UK) Country Capital cities Surrounding Compass points	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries. Know the four countries that make the United Kingdom. Know the four capital cities of the United Kingdom Know the surrounding seas near the UK. Know the 4 main compass points and can show this on a map	Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place?).	Children can identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK 	Use a map to identify whether a location is a city, town, village, coastal or rural area.
KS2	Do the largest countries have the largest populations?	Population density Physical geography Population size	Children know the names and locations of some of the countries of Europe 	Children can use geographical language and resources to compare the size of European countries Children can compare the population density of some European countries	Children can graph findings to enable comparisons between human and physical characteristics Children know why the physical geography of a	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe their features



					country affects the population size	
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Autumn 2027-28		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
KS1	How have humans changed our local area?	Grid reference Compass Human features Physical features Land use 	How to use locational language (e.g. near and far) to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Know the location of the school in relation to the coast and the nearest town or city	Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place?). Compare plans and maps to their observations of the local area	use aerial photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features in the local area 	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geographic location of the school (Know what is near to the school based on local walks and observation) . The basic symbols used in a key on a map to identify human and physical features (rivers, forests, towns, villages, farms, houses) How to use and apply basic grid references (A1, B1) and basic compass directions (north, south, east and west)


KS2	Do all societies impact the planet in the same way?	<p>The Equator</p> <p>Northern & Southern Hemisphere</p> <p>Tropics of Cancer & Capricorn</p> <p>Arctic and Antarctic Circle</p> <p>Longitude & Latitude</p> <p>Time zones (including day and night)</p>	<p>Know how countries and geographical regions are interconnected and interdependent.</p> 	<p>Compare and debate the geographical diversity of England with a contrasting country in a different Hemisphere</p>	<p>Know how choices made by humans in diverse populations impact climate, pollution and the environment</p>	<p>Use atlases, tables and graphs to understand time zones and temperature differences in the tropics</p>
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Spring 2027-28	History only this term
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Summer 2027-28		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
KS1	How is life different for children across the world?	<p>Similarities & differences</p> <p>United Kingdom</p> <p>Contrasting</p> <p>Non- European country</p> <p>City, town, village, coastal, Rural</p> <p>Physical geography</p>	<p>Know the geographical similarities and differences of a small area of the United Kingdom and of a contrasting (non-European) country</p> <p>Know how to use the key features of a location to say whether it is a city,</p>	<p>Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like?</p> <p>What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place? How do children live in this place?).</p>	<p>Know the geographical similarities and differences of a small area of the United Kingdom and of a contrasting (non-European) country</p> <p>Know how physical and human geography affects the opportunities and</p>	<p>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries</p> <p>Use maps to identify a contrasting non- European country</p> 



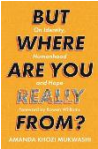

		Human geography	town, village, coastal or rural area.		lives of children in contrasting places	
KS2	How have cartographers represented London over time?	<p>Aerial images</p> <p>Topological maps - as in London's Tube map and Ordnance Survey maps).</p> <p>Human features</p> <p>Physical features</p> <p>Human activity</p>	 <p>Use a range of geographical resources to give detailed descriptions of features of a location</p>	<p>Know how physical features affect human activity within a location (London) over time.</p> <p>Know and compare the key features and uses of a range of maps such as aerial images, topological maps – as in London's Tube map and Ordnance Survey maps).</p>	<p>Know how the physical and human features of London have changed over time – using maps to explain their understanding</p> 	<p>Collect and analyse statistics and other information in order to draw clear conclusions about how a location has changed</p> <p>Analyse and give views on the effectiveness of different geographical representations of a location.</p>

Autumn 2028-29	History only this term
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Spring 2028-29		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
KS1	Could all animals live in the same place?	<p>Continent</p> <p>Ocean</p> <p>Equator</p>	Name the world's continents and oceans.	Know the similarities and differences between 2 different localities	Children discuss the habitat in hot and cold areas of the world in order to answer the lead question?	Locate the world's continents and oceans on a world map

		Habitat Weather pattern	Know the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.	Explore seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom (also covered in science)	Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place? What is the weather like?).	
KS2	How do we want the future living conditions to be for each species? (Greta Thunberg)	Species Biome Vegetation belt Climate change	Know how locations around the world are changing and explain some of the reasons for change	Compare the carbon footprint of two food items 	Research a range of human activities ie trade links, distribution of natural resources including energy, food and water supplies and discuss how these impact the living conditions for humans and animals	Describe the key aspects of a range of biomes and vegetation belts 

Summer 2028-29		Vocabulary	Locational knowledge	Place knowledge (similarities and differences)	Human and physical Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork
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<p>KS1</p>	<p>How is the United Kingdom like a puzzle?</p> 	<p>United Kingdom (UK)</p> <p>Country</p> <p>Capital cities</p> <p>Surrounding</p> <p>Compass points</p>	<p>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries.</p> <p>Know the four countries that make the United Kingdom.</p> <p>Know the four capital cities of the United Kingdom</p> <p>Know the surrounding seas near the UK.</p> <p>Know the 4 main compass points and can show this on a map</p>	<p>Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place?).</p>	<p>Children can identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK</p> 	<p>Use a map to identify whether a location is a city, town, village, coastal or rural area.</p>
<p>KS2</p> 	<p>What's the difference between where we live and where we originate from?</p> <p>Resource link Amanda Khozi Mukwashi</p>	<p>Migration</p> <p>Human migration</p> <p>Geographical diversity</p>	<p>Children understand the meaning of the term migration</p> <p>How geographical diversity affects where people live.</p>	 <p>The names and locations of countries that humans migrate from and to.</p>	<p>Children can explain the reasons why humans move country</p> <p>Children begin to understand the social and cultural issues faced by migrants</p>	<p>Children use a range of geographical resources to give detailed descriptions and opinions of the physical and human features of a location</p>

